OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

AUDIT REPORT June 30, 2017

San Diego
Los Angeles
San Francisco
Bay Area



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FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Governing Board
Oceanside Unified School District
Oceanside, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Oceanside Unified School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Oceanside Unified School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Christy White, CPA

Michael Ash, CPA

Heather Rubio

SAN DIEGO LOS ANGELES SAN FRANCISCO/BAY AREA

> Corporate Office: 348 Olive Street San Diego, CA 92103

toll-free: 877.220.7229 tel: 619.270.8222 fax: 619.260.9085 www.christywhite.com

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State Board of Accountancy

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Oceanside Unified School District, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of funding progress for OPEB benefits, schedules of proportionate share of net pension liability, and schedules of District contributions for pensions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Oceanside Unified School District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents, including the schedule of expenditures of Federal awards, which is required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information listed in the table of contents is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 7, 2017 on our consideration of Oceanside Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Oceanside Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

San Diego, California

Chirty White Associates

December 7, 2017

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

INTRODUCTION

Our discussion and analysis of Oceanside Unified School District's (District) financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- General Fund (including the activity of the Deferred Maintenance Fund per GASB Statement No. 54) revenues and transfers in exceeded expenditures and transfers out by roughly \$6.7 million in 2016-17. The fund balance of the General Fund was \$27.7 million with available reserves of 6.09%.
- The District continued to maintain minimum state-required reserves, with slightly over \$12.8 million designated for economic uncertainties at year-end, which is \$1.6 million more than the prior year.
- Student enrollment decreased by approximately 560 pupils in 2016-17 compared to the prior year.
- District long-term liabilities increased approximately \$34.2 million primarily due to fluctuations related to the STRS and PERS net pension liabilities.
- Overall, net position decreased by approximately \$315 thousand for the District as a whole.

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Components of the Financials Section

This annual report consists of three parts – Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The three sections together provide a comprehensive overview of the District. The basic financial statements are comprised of two kinds of statements that present financial information from different perspectives:

- **Government-wide financial statements**, which comprise the first two statements, provide both short-term and long-term information about the entity's overall financial position.
- Fund financial statements focus on reporting the individual parts of District operations in more detail. The fund financial statements comprise the remaining statements.
 - Governmental Funds provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.
 - **Proprietary Funds** report services for which the District charges customers a fee. Like the government-wide statements, they provide both long- and short-term financial information.
 - **Fiduciary Funds** report balances for which the District is a custodian or *trustee* of the funds, such as Associated Student Bodies and pension funds.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required and other supplementary information that further explain and support the financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position is one way to measure the District's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include governmental activities. All of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular education, food service, maintenance and general administration. Local control formula funding and federal and state grants finance most of these activities.

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The District's net position was approximately (\$60.8) million at June 30, 2017, as reflected in the table below. Of this amount, about (\$186.3) million was unrestricted. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the Governing Board's ability to use that net position for day-to-day operations.

	Go	ver	nmental Activ	ities	
LIABILITIES Current liabilities Long-term liabilities Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted	2017		2016	N	let Change
ASSETS					
Current and other assets	\$ 75,558,148	\$	74,232,356	\$	1,325,792
Capital assets	331,374,229		326,786,751		4,587,478
Total Assets	406,932,377		401,019,107		5,913,270
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 49,919,384		26,478,965		23,440,419
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities	24,044,186		19,159,729		4,884,457
Long-term liabilities	481,808,597		447,612,325		34,196,272
Total Liabilities	505,852,783		466,772,054		39,080,729
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 11,752,843		21,164,782		(9,411,939)
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	100,770,176		103,593,120		(2,822,944)
Restricted	24,739,427		18,646,177		6,093,250
Unrestricted	(186,263,468)		(182,678,061)		(3,585,407)
Total Net Position	\$ (60,753,865)	\$	(60,438,764)	\$	(315,101)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

Changes in Net Position

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. The table below takes the information from the Statement and rearranges it slightly, so you can see total revenues and expenses for the year.

As shown in the table below, the District's total revenues were slightly less than \$252.9 million. The total cost of all programs and services was \$253.2 million. The District's expenses are predominately related to educating and caring for students (66%). Pupil Services (including transportation and food) account for 11% of expenses. Administrative activities accounted for just 6% of total costs. Plant services, which represent the facilities maintenance and operations costs, account for 13% of all costs. The remaining expenses were for ancillary services, community services, and other outgo.

	42,681,263 40,390,092 2,291,17 74,844,215 65,779,350 9,064,86 119,703,293 124,224,852 (4,521,55 9,538,687 1,983,768 7,554,91 252,885,976 237,223,323 15,662,65 141,308,340 133,077,054 8,231,28 26,813,517 23,579,620 3,233,89 32,531,696 31,044,139 1,487,55 15,888,411 13,530,074 2,358,33 21,775,542 22,057,275 (281,73 186,187 372,177 (185,99 12,632,401 9,007,609 3,624,79 2,064,983 1,352,997 711,98									Governmental Activities							
		2017	2017 2016 N 6,118,518 \$ 4,845,261 \$ 42,681,263 40,390,092 74,844,215 65,779,350 19,703,293 124,224,852 9,538,687 1,983,768 52,885,976 237,223,323 41,308,340 133,077,054 26,813,517 23,579,620 32,531,696 31,044,139 15,888,411 13,530,074 21,775,542 22,057,275 186,187 372,177 12,632,401 9,007,609 2,064,983 1,352,997 - (151,229) 53,201,077 233,869,716 (315,101) 3,353,607														
REVENUES																	
Program revenues																	
Charges for services	\$	6,118,518	\$	4,845,261	\$	1,273,257											
Operating grants and contributions		42,681,263		40,390,092		2,291,171											
General revenues																	
Property taxes		74,844,215		65,779,350		9,064,865											
Unrestricted federal and state aid		119,703,293		124,224,852		(4,521,559)											
Other		9,538,687		1,983,768		7,554,919											
Total Revenues		252,885,976		237,223,323		15,662,653											
EXPENSES																	
Instruction		141,308,340		133,077,054		8,231,286											
Instruction-related services		26,813,517		23,579,620		3,233,897											
Pupil services		32,531,696		31,044,139		1,487,557											
General administration		15,888,411		13,530,074		2,358,337											
Plant services		21,775,542		22,057,275		(281,733)											
Ancillary and community services		186,187		372,177		(185,990)											
Debt service		12,632,401		9,007,609		3,624,792											
Other Outgo		2,064,983		1,352,997		711,986											
Other		-		(151,229)		151,229											
Total Expenses		253,201,077		233,869,716		19,331,361											
Change in net position		(315,101)		3,353,607		(3,668,708)											
Net Position - Beginning		(60,438,764)		(63,792,371)		3,353,607											
Net Position - Ending	\$	(60,753,865)	\$	(60,438,764)	\$	(315,101)											

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

Changes in Net Position (continued)

As reported in the Statement of Activities, the net cost of all our governmental activities this year was slightly over \$204.4 million. The amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through taxes was only \$74.8 million because the cost was paid by those who benefited from the programs (\$6.1 million), by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$42.7 million) or through other federal, state and local sources (\$119.7 million).

	Net Cost o	of Ser	vices
	2017		2016
Instruction	\$ 111,000,683	\$	108,937,784
Instruction-related services	23,061,739		19,418,076
Pupil services	21,858,586		20,967,458
General administration	12,899,334		12,767,227
Plant services	21,692,426		21,920,364
Ancillary and community services	185,948		358,789
Debt service	12,632,401		9,007,609
Transfers to other agencies	1,070,179		(4,591,715)
Other	<u>-</u>		(151,229)
Total Expenses	\$ 204,401,296	\$	188,634,363

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S MAJOR FUNDS

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds as well. As the District completed this year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of approximately \$60.2 million, which is a slight decrease from last year's ending fund balance of \$60.7 million. The District's General Fund had \$6.7 million more in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2017. The District's Building Fund had approximately \$12 million more in operating expenditures than revenues for the year ended June 30, 2017. The District's Debt Service Fund had a net increase in fund balance of roughly \$4.0 million for the year ended June 30, 2017.

CURRENT YEAR BUDGET 2016-17

During the fiscal year, budget revisions and appropriation transfers are presented to the Board for their approval on a monthly basis to reflect changes to both revenues and expenditures that become known during the year. In addition, the Board of Education approves financial projections included with the Adopted Budget, First Interim, and Second Interim financial reports. The Unaudited Actuals reflect the District's financial projections and current budget based on State and local financial information.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

By the end of 2016-17 the District had invested nearly \$331.4 million in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

	Governmental Activities										
		2017		2016	N	Net Change					
CAPITAL ASSETS											
Land	\$	16,825,171	\$	16,825,171	\$	-					
Construction in progress		25,378,683		11,386,335		13,992,348					
Land improvements		7,842,141		7,842,141		-					
Buildings & improvements		382,968,125		382,329,157		638,968					
Furniture & equipment		19,252,953		19,113,741		139,212					
Accumulated depreciation		(120,892,844)		(110,709,794)		(10,183,050)					
Total Capital Assets	\$	331,374,229	\$	326,786,751	\$	4,587,478					

Long-Term Debt

At year-end, the District had nearly \$481.8 million in long-term debt, an increase of 7.6% from last year – as shown in the table below. (More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in footnotes to the financial statements.)

	Governmental Activities									
		2017		2016	ľ	Net Change				
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES						_				
Total general obligation bonds	\$	281,794,777	\$	281,483,290	\$	311,487				
Capital leases		301,955		592,526		(290,571)				
Compensated absences		1,740,040		1,508,514		231,526				
Net OPEB obligation		2,264,297		952,416		1,311,881				
Net pension liability		203,991,513		166,620,147		37,371,366				
Less: current portion of long-term debt		(8,283,985)		(3,544,568)		(4,739,417)				
Total Long-term Liabilities	\$	481,808,597	\$	447,612,325	\$	34,196,272				

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of several circumstances that could affect its future financial health.

Landmark legislation passed in Year 2013 reformed California school district finance by creating the Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF). The District continues to analyze the impact of the LCFF on funding for our program offerings and services. The LCFF is designed to provide a flexible funding mechanism that links student achievement to state funding levels. The LCFF provides a per pupil base grant amount, by grade span, that is augmented by supplemental funding for targeted student groups in low income brackets, those that are English language learners and foster youth. The State anticipates all school districts to reach the statewide targeted base funding levels by 2020-21 but the annual amount funded to meet the target is uncertain.

Factors related to LCFF that the District is monitoring include: (1) estimates of funding in the next budget year and beyond; (2) the Local Control and Accountability Plan (LCAP) that aims to link student accountability measurements to funding allocations; (3) ensuring the integrity of reporting student data through the California Longitudinal Pupil Achievement Data System (CALPADs); and, (4) meeting annual compliance and audit requirements.

State revenues are estimated to increase modestly in 2017-18 but there is uncertainty about the State's long-term economic growth. According to the Legislative Analyst's Office, there are concerns about a possible mild recession. In addition, purchasing power has not been restored to pre-2007/08 levels for most school districts as added funding is going to pay for increases in CalPERS and CalSTRS rates increases and rising health care costs.

The District participates in state employee pensions plans, PERS and STRS, and both are underfunded. The District's proportionate share of the liability is reported in the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2017. The amount of the liability is material to the financial position of the District. To address the underfunding issues, the pension plans continue to raise employer rates in future years and the increased costs are significant.

Enrollment can fluctuate due to factors such as population growth, competition from private, parochial, inter-district transfers in or out, economic conditions and housing values. Losses in enrollment will cause a school district to lose operating revenues without necessarily permitting the district to make adjustments in fixed operating costs.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the District's budget for the 2017-18 fiscal year.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact the District Business Office at 2111 Mission Avenue; Oceanside, CA 92054-2326.

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 65,066,402
Accounts receivable	10,156,916
Inventory	334,830
Capital assets, not depreciated	42,203,854
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	289,170,375
Total Assets	406,932,377
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	40,865,826
Deferred amount on refunding	9,053,558
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	49,919,384
LIABILITIES	
Accrued liabilities	14,525,897
Unearned revenue	1,234,304
Long-term liabilities, current portion	8,283,985
Long-term liabilities, non-current portion	481,808,597
Total Liabilities	505,852,783
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	11,752,843
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	11,752,843
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	100,770,176
Restricted:	
Capital projects	4,652,721
Debt service	13,224,415
Educational programs	4,986,043
Food service	1,876,248
Unrestricted	(186,263,468)
Total Net Position	\$ (60,753,865)

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

				Program	Reve	ennes	R	et (Expenses) evenues and Changes in Net Position
				Tiogram	Ite v	Operating		vet i osition
				Charges for		Grants and	G	overnmental
Expenses Expenses Expenses Charges for Services Contribute	Contributions	Ü	Activities					
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		<u> </u>		36171663				
Instruction	\$	141.308.340	\$	4.229.090	\$	26,078,567	\$	(111,000,683)
Instruction-related services					·	, ,		, , ,
Instructional supervision and administration		8,195,929		251,079		2,503,534		(5,441,316)
1		3,283,793		938		49,642		(3,233,213)
3		15,333,795		6,709		939,876		(14,387,210)
Pupil services								,
Home-to-school transportation		8,045,123		12,769		15,612		(8,016,742)
Food services		11,071,773		1,429,171		7,010,537		(2,632,065)
All other pupil services		13,414,800		23,694		2,181,327		(11,209,779)
General administration								
Centralized data processing		5,974,133		4,152		5,654		(5,964,327)
All other general administration		9,914,278		98,423		2,880,848		(6,935,007)
Plant services		21,775,542		2,078		81,038		(21,692,426)
Ancillary services		131,849		-		239		(131,610)
Community services		54,338		-		-		(54,338)
Interest on long-term debt		12,632,401		-		-		(12,632,401)
Other Outgo		2,064,983		60,415		934,389		(1,070,179)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	253,201,077	\$	6,118,518	\$	42,681,263		(204,401,296)
	Gene	ral revenues						
	Tax	es and subven	tions					
	Pr	operty taxes, l	evied	for general pur	pose	es		58,790,645
	Pr	operty taxes, l	evied	for debt service	9			15,482,561
	Pr	operty taxes, l	evied	for other specif	ic pu	irposes		571,009
	Fe	deral and state	aid r	not restricted fo	r spe	ecific purposes		119,703,293
	Inte	erest and inves	tment	t earnings				361,953
	Inte	eragency reven	ues					51,730
	Mis	cellaneous						9,125,004
	Subt	otal, General R	even	ue				204,086,195
	CHA	NGE IN NET I	POSIT	ΓΙΟΝ				(315,101)
	Net I	osition - Begir	ning					(60,438,764)
	Net I	Position - Endir	ıg				\$	(60,753,865)

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2017

								Non-Major		Total
					В	ond Interest &	G	Governmental	G	overnmental
	Ge	eneral Fund	В	uilding Fund	Re	demption Fund		Funds		Funds
ASSETS										_
Cash and investments	\$	30,414,263	\$	9,427,286	\$	17,091,430	\$	5,370,519	\$	62,303,498
Accounts receivable		7,586,737		32,075		-		1,859,722		9,478,534
Due from other funds		148,489		2,399		-		2,678		153,566
Stores inventory		71,718		-		-		263,112		334,830
Total Assets	\$	38,221,207	\$	9,461,760	\$	17,091,430	\$	7,496,031	\$	72,270,428
LIABILITIES										
Accrued liabilities	\$	9,337,251	\$	872,357	\$	-	\$	449,274	\$	10,658,882
Due to other funds		4,584		680		-		148,302		153,566
Unearned revenue		1,198,254		-		-		36,050		1,234,304
Total Liabilities		10,540,089		873,037		-		633,626		12,046,752
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable		361,718		-		-		273,112		634,830
Restricted		4,925,719		8,588,723		17,091,430		6,589,293		37,195,165
Committed		500,000		-		-		-		500,000
Assigned		9,077,161		-		-		-		9,077,161
Unassigned		12,816,520		-		-		-		12,816,520
Total Fund Balances		27,681,118		8,588,723		17,091,430		6,862,405		60,223,676
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	38,221,207	\$	9,461,760	\$	17,091,430	\$	7,496,031	\$	72,270,428

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2017

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds			\$	60,223,676
Amounts reported for assets and liabilities for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:				
Capital assets:				
In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net position, all assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated depreciation:				
Capital assets	\$	452,267,073		
Accumulated depreciation		(120,892,844)		331,374,229
Deferred amount on refunding:				
In governmental funds, the net effect of refunding bonds is recognized				
when debt is issued, whereas this amount is deferred and amortized in the				
government-wide financial statements:				8,983,558
government-wide intanetal statements.				0,703,330
Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The				
additional liability for unmatured interest owing at the end of the period				(0.04=0.4=)
was:				(3,867,015)
Long-term liabilities: In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist of:				
Total general obligation bonds	\$	281,794,777		
Capital leases	Ψ	301,955		
Compensated absences		1,740,040		
Net OPEB obligation		2,264,297		
Net pension liability		203,991,513		(490,092,582)
		, ,	•	(, , ,
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions: In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported.				
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	\$	40,865,826		
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		(11,752,843)		29,112,983
Internal service funds:				
Internal service funds. Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which costs				
are charged to other funds on a full cost-recovery basis. Because internal				
service funds are presumed to operate for the benefit of governmental				
activities, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred				
inflows of resources of internal service funds are reported with				
governmental activities in the statement of net position. Net position for				
internal service funds is:				3,511,286
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities			¢	(60.7E2.96E)
1 otal Net 1 ostion - Governmental Activities			\$	(60,753,865)

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	G	eneral Fund	F	Building Fund		Interest &	Non-Major overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES									
LCFF sources	\$	163,905,742	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	163,905,742
Federal sources		19,064,662		-		-	6,746,629		25,811,291
Other state sources		20,293,326		-		114,122	1,394,446		21,801,894
Other local sources		13,918,116		146,990		15,522,990	4,562,926		34,151,022
Total Revenues		217,181,846		146,990		15,637,112	12,704,001		245,669,949
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
Instruction		133,285,002		-		-	808,554		134,093,556
Instruction-related services									
Instructional supervision and administration		7,631,199		-		_	62,323		7,693,522
Instructional library, media, and technology		2,541,728		-		-	-		2,541,728
School site administration		14,359,898		-		_	-		14,359,898
Pupil services									
Home-to-school transportation		5,789,317		-		_	-		5,789,317
Food services		33,237		-		_	8,504,481		8,537,718
All other pupil services		12,612,144		-		_	3,292		12,615,436
General administration									
Centralized data processing		2,569,786		-		_	-		2,569,786
All other general administration		8,692,728		-		_	423,626		9,116,354
Plant services		20,315,820		-		_	73,630		20,389,450
Facilities acquisition and maintenance		392,969		12,230,045		_	2,008,301		14,631,315
Ancillary services		126,469		-		_	-		126,469
Community services		53,675		-		_	-		53,675
Transfers to other agencies		2,064,983		-		_	-		2,064,983
Debt service									
Principal		-		-		3,804,953	-		3,804,953
Interest and other		-		-		7,806,478	-		7,806,478
Total Expenditures		210,468,955		12,230,045		11,611,431	11,884,207		246,194,638
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over Expenditures		6,712,891		(12,083,055))	4,025,681	819,794		(524,689)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Transfers in		-		212,139		_	2		212,141
Transfers out		(2)		-		_	(212,139)		(212,141)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		(2)		212,139		-	(212,137)		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		6,712,889		(11,870,916))	4,025,681	607,657		(524,689)
Fund Balance - Beginning		20,968,229		20,459,639	•	13,065,749	6,254,748		60,748,365
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	27,681,118	\$	8,588,723	\$	17,091,430	\$ 6,862,405	\$	60,223,676

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

et Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ (524,689)
mounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are ifferent from amounts reported in governmental funds because:		
Capital outlay:		
In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets are reported as expenditures		
in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs		
of capital assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation		
expense. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation		
expense for the period is:		
Expenditures for capital outlay:	\$ 14,770,528	
Depreciation expense:	 (10,183,050)	4,587,478
Debt service:		
In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as		
expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term		
debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the		
principal portion of long-term debt were:		4,095,524
Deferred amounts on refunding:		
In governmental funds, deferred amounts on refunding are recognized in the		
period they are incurred. In the government-wide statements, the deferred		
amounts on refunding are amortized over the life of the debt. The net effect of		
the deferred amounts on refunding during the period was:		(295,860)
Unmatured interest on long-term debt:		
In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period		
that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is		
recognized in the period it is incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of		
the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owing from the		
prior period, was:		(704,194)
Accreted interest on long-term debt:		
In governmental funds, accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds is not		
recorded as an expenditure from current sources. In the government-wide		
statement of activities, however, this is recorded as interest expense for the		
period.		(4,777,270)
Compensated absences:		
In governmental funds, compensated absences are measured by the amounts		
paid during the period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are		

(Continued on following page)

(231,526)

measured by the amount earned. The difference between compensated

absences paid and compensated absences earned, was:

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES, continued

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Postemployment benefi	ts other than	pensions (OPEB):
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In governmental funds, OPEB costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between OPEB costs and actual employer contributions was:

(1,311,881)

Pensions:

In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made, in the government-wide statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and employer contributions was:

(4,223,148)

Amortization of debt issuance premium or discount:

In governmental funds, if debt is issued at a premium or at a discount, the premium or discount is recognized as an Other Financing Source or an Other Financing Use in the period it is incurred. In the government-wide statements, the premium or discount is amortized over the life of the debt. Amortization of premium or discount for the period is:

660,830

Internal Service Funds:

Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which costs are charged to other funds on a full cost-recovery basis. Because internal service funds are presumed to benefit governmental activities, internal service activities are reported as governmental in the statement of activities. The net increase or decrease in internal service funds was:

2,409,635

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

(315,101)

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

		Governmental Activities		
	Int	Internal Service		
		Fund		
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash and investments	\$	2,762,904		
Accounts receivable		678,382		
Total current assets		3,441,286		
Total Assets		3,441,286		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred amount on refunding		70,000		
Total Deferred Outflows		70,000		
NET POSITION				
Unrestricted		3,511,286		
Total Net Position	\$	3,511,286		

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities			
	Inte	Internal Service		
		Fund		
OPERATING REVENUE		_		
Charges for services	\$	7,037,432		
Other local revenues		578,664		
Total operating revenues		7,616,096		
OPERATING EXPENSE				
Professional services		5,219,224		
Total operating expenses		5,219,224		
Operating income/(loss)		2,396,872		
NON-OPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES)				
Interest income		12,763		
Total non-operating revenues/(expenses)		12,763		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		2,409,635		
Net Position - Beginning		1,101,651		
Net Position - Ending	\$	3,511,286		

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Cash flows from operating activities Cash received from user charges Cash received (paid) from assessments made to (from) other funds Cash payments for payroll, insurance, and operating costs Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Interest received Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Beginning of year End of year \$ Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to cash provided by (used for) operating activities	
Cash received (paid) from assessments made to (from) other funds Cash payments for payroll, insurance, and operating costs Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Interest received Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Beginning of year End of year \$ Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to cash	ernal Service Fund
Cash received (paid) from assessments made to	
(from) other funds Cash payments for payroll, insurance, and operating costs Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Interest received Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Beginning of year End of year \$ Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to cash	6,920,963
Cash payments for payroll, insurance, and operating costs Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Interest received Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Beginning of year End of year \$ Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to cash	
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Interest received Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Beginning of year End of year \$ Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to cash	578,664
Cash flows from investing activities Interest received Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Beginning of year End of year \$ Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to cash	(5,376,521)
Interest received Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Beginning of year End of year \$ Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to cash	2,123,106
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Beginning of year End of year \$ Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to cash	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Beginning of year End of year \$ Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to cash	12,763
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Beginning of year End of year \$ Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to cash	12,763
Beginning of year End of year \$ Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to cash	2,135,869
End of year \$ Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to cash	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to cash	627,035
	2,762,904
provided by (used for) operating activities	
Operating income (loss) \$	2,396,872
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(116,469)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(157,297)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities \$	2,123,106

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

	Trust Fund Private-Purpose Trust Fund		Agency Fund		
			Student Body		
			Fund		
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$	154	\$	697,598	
Accounts receivable		-		1,829	
Stores inventory		-		49,342	
Other assets				828	
Total Assets	\$	154	\$	749,597	
LIABILITIES					
Due to student groups	\$	-	\$	749,597	
Unearned revenue		154		-	
Total Liabilities	\$	154	\$	749,597	

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Trust I	und
	Private-P	urpose
	Trust F	und
ADDITIONS		
Other	\$	-
Total Additions		-
DEDUCTIONS		
Other trust activities		-
Total Deductions		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		-
Net Position - Beginning		-
Net Position - Ending	\$	-

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The School District was established in 1970, under the laws of the State of California. The District operates under a locally elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services to grades K-12 as mandated by the state. The District operates sixteen kindergarten through fifth grade schools, four middle schools, and three high schools.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For Oceanside Unified School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The District has no such component units.

C. Other Related Entities

Joint Powers Authority (JPA). The District is exposed to various risk of loss related to: torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. The District participates in JPA to manage these risks. The relationship between the District and the JPA in which it is associated with is such that the JPA is not a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes. The JPA is governed by the board consisting of representatives from the member agencies. The board controls the operations of the JPA, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by the member agencies beyond their representation on the board. Each member district pays premiums commensurate with the level of coverage or service requested, and shares surpluses and deficits proportionate to its participation in the JPA.

D. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the District). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and other non-exchange transactions.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Government-Wide Statements, continued. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenue for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reserved for the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting of operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including its proprietary and fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for activities that are governmental in nature. Governmental activities are typically tax-supported and include education of pupils, operation of food service and child development programs, construction and maintenance of school facilities, and repayment of long-term debt.

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are more business-like than government-like in nature. Business-type activities include those for which a fee is charged to external users or to other organizational units of the District, normally on a full cost-recovery basis. Proprietary funds are generally intended to be self-supporting.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee or agency capacity for others that cannot be used to support the District's own programs.

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund: The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all activities except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. In keeping with the minimum number of funds principle, all of the District's activities are reported in the General Fund unless there is a compelling reason to account for an activity in another fund. A District may have only one General Fund.

Building Fund: This fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (*Education Code Section* 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued. Other authorized revenues to the Building Fund are proceeds from the sale or lease-with-option-to-purchase of real property (*Education Code Section* 17462) and revenue from rentals and leases of real property specifically authorized for deposit into the fund by the governing board (*Education Code Section* 41003).

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Major Governmental Funds (continued)

Bond Interest and Redemption Fund: This fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for the District (*Education Code Sections* 15125–15262). The board of supervisors of the county issues the bonds. The proceeds from the sale of the bonds are deposited in the county treasury to the Building Fund of the District. Any premiums or accrued interest received from the sale of the bonds must be deposited in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund of the District. The county auditor maintains control over the District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. The principal and interest on the bonds must be paid by the county treasurer from taxes levied by the county auditor-controller.

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds: Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The District maintains the following special revenue funds:

Child Development Fund: This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local revenues to operate child development programs. All moneys received by the District for, or from the operation of, child development services covered under the Child Care and Development Services Act (*Education Code Section* 8200 *et seq.*) shall be deposited into this fund. The moneys may be used only for expenditures for the operation of child development programs. The costs incurred in the maintenance and operation of child development services shall be paid from this fund, with accounting to reflect specific funding sources (*Education Code Section* 8328).

Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund: This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38090–38093). The Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund shall be used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38091 and 38100).

Capital Project Funds: Capital project funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

Capital Facilities Fund: This fund is used primarily to account separately for moneys received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development (*Education Code Sections* 17620–17626). The authority for these levies may be county/city ordinances (*Government Code Sections* 65970–65981) or private agreements between the District and the developer. Interest earned in the Capital Facilities Fund is restricted to that fund (*Government Code Section* 66006).

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Proprietary Funds

Internal Service Funds: Internal service funds are created principally to render services to other organizational units of the District on a cost-reimbursement basis. These funds are designed to be self-supporting with the intent of full recovery of costs, including some measure of the cost of capital assets, through user fees and charges.

Self-Insurance Fund: Self-insurance funds are used to separate moneys received for self-insurance activities from other operating funds of the District. Separate funds may be established for each type of self-insurance activity, such as workers' compensation, health and welfare, and deductible property loss (*Education Code Section* 17566).

Fiduciary Funds

Trust and Agency Funds: Trust and agency funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee or agent capacity for others that cannot be used to support the District's own programs. The key distinction between trust and agency funds is that trust funds are subject to a trust agreement that affects the degree of management involvement and the length of time that the resources are held.

Student Body Fund: The Student Body Fund is an agency fund and, therefore, consists only of accounts such as cash and balancing liability accounts, such as due to student groups. The student body itself maintains its own general fund, which accounts for the transactions of that entity in raising and expending money to promote the general welfare, morale, and educational experiences of the student body (*Education Code Sections* 48930–48938).

Trust Fund: Private-purpose trust funds are used to report formal trust arrangements under which principal and interest benefit other individuals, private organizations, or other governments. Oceanside Unified School District received a grant from the College Access Foundation of California to be used to award 20 new need-based scholarships to low-income OUSD students graduating in 2014, and to provide the necessary guidance and assistance to all these students in accessing the public financial aid for which they are eligible.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. Basis of Accounting – Measurement Focus

Government-Wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Financial Statements

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Net Position equals assets and deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. The net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on its use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities results from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the internal service fund are charges to other funds for self-insurance costs. Operating expenses for internal service funds include the costs of insurance premiums and claims related to self-insurance.

Governmental Funds

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, "available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California school districts and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursements grants and corrections to State-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for school districts as collectible within one year.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from the grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus (continued)

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions (continued)

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Certain grants received that have not met eligibility requirements are recorded as unearned revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period are also recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

F. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position</u>

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents also include cash with county treasury balances for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

Investments

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county and State investment pools are determined by the program sponsor.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

F. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

Inventories

Inventories are recorded using the purchases method in that the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time the individual inventory items are requisitioned. Inventories are valued at historical cost and consist of expendable supplies held for consumption.

Capital Assets

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not own any infrastructure as defined in GASB Statement No. 34. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. All reported capital assets, except for land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class

Buildings and Improvements Furniture and Equipment Vehicles

Estimated Useful Life

25 – 50 years 5 – 20 years 8 years

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Due from other funds/Due to other funds." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of net position.

Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resource. These amounts are recorded in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken because such benefits do not vest, nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

F. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds.

Premiums and Discounts

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or proprietary fund statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the defined benefit pension plans (the Plans) of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance classification reflects amounts that are not in spendable form. Examples include inventory, prepaid items, the long-term portion of loans receivable, and nonfinancial assets held for resale. This classification also reflects amounts that are in spendable form but that are legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as the principal of a permanent endowment

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

F. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

Fund Balance (continued)

Restricted - The restricted fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to externally imposed and legally enforceable constraints. Such constraints may be imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or may be imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to internal constraints self-imposed by formal action of the Governing Board. The constraints giving rise to committed fund balance must be imposed no later than the end of the reporting period. The actual amounts may be determined subsequent to that date but prior to the issuance of the financial statements. In contrast to restricted fund balance, committed fund balance may be redirected by the government to other purposes as long as the original constraints are removed or modified in the same manner in which they were imposed, that is, by the same formal action of the Governing Board.

Assigned - The assigned fund balance classification reflects amounts that the government *intends* to be used for specific purposes. Assignments may be established either by the Governing Board or by a designee of the governing body, and are subject to neither the restricted nor committed levels of constraint. In contrast to the constraints giving rise to committed fund balance, constraints giving rise to assigned fund balance are not required to be imposed, modified, or removed by formal action of the Governing Board. The action does not require the same level of formality and may be delegated to another body or official. Additionally, the assignment need not be made before the end of the reporting period, but rather may be made any time prior to the issuance of the financial statements.

Unassigned - In the General Fund only, the unassigned fund balance classification reflects the residual balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. However, deficits in any fund, including the General Fund that cannot be eliminated by reducing or eliminating amounts assigned to other purposes are reported as negative unassigned fund balance.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

G. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of activities.

H. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

I. Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the California Education Code and requires the governing board to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The District governing board satisfied these requirements. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for. For purposes of the budget, on-behalf payments have not been included as revenue and expenditures as required under generally accepted accounting principles.

J. Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County Auditor-Controller bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

K. New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 75 – In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. This standard's primary objective is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions. The Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2017. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 80 – In January 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 80, *Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14.* This standard's primary objective is to improve financial reporting by clarifying the financial statement presentation requirements for certain component units. The Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2016. The District has implemented GASB Statement No. 80 for the year ended June 30, 2017.

GASB Statement No. 82 – In March 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues – an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73.* This standard's primary objective is to address issues regarding the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. The majority of this Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2016. The District has implemented GASB Statement No. 82 for the year ended June 30, 2017.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A. Summary of Cash and Investments

A summary of balances for cash and investments at June 30, 2017 are as follows:

						Total	
	Go	overnmental	In	ternal Service	C	Governmental	Fiduciary
		Funds		Funds		Activities	 Funds
Investment in county treasury	\$	61,743,819	\$	2,762,904	\$	64,506,723	\$ 154
Cash on hand and in banks		259,679		-		259,679	697,598
Cash in revolving fund		300,000		-		300,000	
Total cash and investments	\$	62,303,498	\$	2,762,904	\$	65,066,402	\$ 697,752

B. Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the state; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered state warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; collateralized mortgage obligations; and the County Investment Pool.

Investment in County Treasury – The District maintains substantially all of its cash in the County Treasury in accordance with *Education Code Section* 41001. The San Diego County Treasurer's pooled investments are managed by the County Treasurer who reports on a monthly basis to the board of supervisors. In addition, the function of the County Treasury Oversight Committee is to review and monitor the County's investment policy. The committee membership includes the Treasurer and Tax Collector, the Auditor-Controller, Chief Administrative Officer, Superintendent of Schools Representative, and a public member. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

C. General Authorizations

Except for investments by trustees of debt proceeds, the authority to invest District funds deposited with the county treasury is delegated to the County Treasurer and Tax Collector. Additional information about the investment policy of the County Treasurer and Tax Collector may be obtained from its website. The table below identifies the investment types permitted by California Government Code.

	Maximum Remaining	Maximum Percentage of	Maximum Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Portfolio	One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U. S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U. S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

D. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Treasury. The District maintains a pooled investment with the County Treasury with a fair value of approximately \$64,288,253 and an amortized book value of \$64,506,877. The average weighted maturity for this pool is 417 days.

E. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The investments in the County Treasury are not required to be rated. As of June 30, 2017, the pooled investments in the County Treasury were rated AAAf/S1 by Standard & Poor's.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

F. <u>Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits</u>

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2017, the District's bank balance was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

G. Fair Value

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets.

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the circumstances, which might include the District's own data. The District should adjust that data if reasonable available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or certain circumstances specific to the District are not available to other market participants.

Uncategorized - Investments in the San Diego County Treasury Investment Pool are not measured using the input levels above because the District's transactions are based on a stable net asset value per share. All contributions and redemptions are transacted at \$1.00 net asset value per share.

The District's fair value measurements at June 30, 2017 were as follows:

Investment in county treasury \$ 64,288,253

Total fair market value of investments \$ 64,288,253

NOTE 3 – ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2017 consisted of the following:

					Non-Major Sovernmental	Int	ernal Service	G	Total overnmental
	Ge	neral Fund	Building Fun	d	Funds		Funds		Activities
Federal Government									
Categorical aid	\$	1,477,177	\$	- \$	1,723,458	\$	-	\$	3,200,635
State Government									
Apportionment		607,959		-	-		-		607,959
Categorical aid		697,887		-	118,363		-		816,250
Lottery		1,765,785		-	-		-		1,765,785
Local Government									
Other local sources		3,037,929	32,0	75	17,901		678,382		3,766,287
Total	\$	7,586,737	\$ 32,0	75 \$	1,859,722	\$	678,382	\$	10,156,916

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

		Balance				Balance	
	July 01, 2016		Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2017		
Governmental Activities						_	
Capital assets not being depreciated							
Land	\$	16,825,171	\$ -	\$ - \$	3	16,825,171	
Construction in progress		11,386,335	14,110,530	118,182		25,378,683	
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated		28,211,506	14,110,530	118,182		42,203,854	
Capital assets being depreciated							
Land improvements		7,842,141	-	-		7,842,141	
Buildings & improvements		382,329,157	638,968	-		382,968,125	
Furniture & equipment		19,113,741	139,212	-		19,252,953	
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		409,285,039	778,180	-		410,063,219	
Less Accumulated Depreciation							
Land improvements		5,785,890	617,035	-		6,402,925	
Buildings & improvements		87,717,943	8,689,365	-		96,407,308	
Furniture & equipment		17,205,961	876,650	-		18,082,611	
Total Accumulated Depreciation		110,709,794	10,183,050	-		120,892,844	
Governmental Activities							
Capital Assets, net	\$	326,786,751	\$ 4,705,660	\$ 118,182 \$	5	331,374,229	

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Depreciation expense is allocated among the following functions in the Statement of Activities:

Instruction	\$ 787,641
Instructional supervision and administration	25,946
Instructional library, media, and technology	593,073
Home-to-school transportation	1,970,962
Food services	2,342,497
All other pupil services	428,821
Centralized data processing	3,337,072
Plant services	697,038
	\$ 10,183,050

NOTE 5 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due From/Due To)

Individual interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2017 were as follows:

				Due From	Othe	r Funds	
					1	Non-Major	
					G	overnmental	
Due To Other Funds	Ger	neral Fund	Buil	ding Fund		Funds	Total
General Fund	\$	-	\$	2,399	\$	2,185	\$ 4,584
Building Fund		680		-		-	680
Non-Major Governmental Funds		147,809		-		493	148,302
Total Due From Other Funds	\$	148,489	\$	2,399	\$	2,678	\$ 153,566
Due from the Capital Facilities Fund to the General Fund for administrative costs.							\$ 71,368
Due from the Cafeteria Fund to the General Fund for OPEB contributions, indirect costs,	and W	orkers' Comp	ensati	on.			61,334
Due from the Child Development Fund to the General Fund for OPEB contributions, indi	irect cos	ts, and to me	ove oth	er miscellane	eous	expenses.	15,107
Due from the General Fund to the Building Fund to correct transportation charges.							2,399
Due from the General Fund to the Child Development Fund to move Quality Preschool I	nitiativ	e (QPI) expen	ses and	d correct indi	rect	costs.	1,467
Due from the General Fund to the Cafeteria Fund for cafeteria sales.							718
Due from the Building Fund to the General Fund for Workers' Compensation, OPEB con-	tributio	ns, and trans	sportat	ion costs.			680
Due from the Child Development Fund to the Cafeteria Fund for payroll suspense.							493
Total							\$ 153,566

B. Interfund Transfers

The following transfers occurred during the year ended June 30, 2017:

- Transfer from the Capital Facilities Fund to the Building Fund in the amount of \$212,139 to support ongoing capital projects.
- Transfer from the General Fund to the Child Development Fund in the amount of \$2 to balance program expenditures for reporting purposes.

NOTE 6 – ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accrued liabilities at June 30, 2017 consisted of the following:

						Non-Major			Total
					C	Governmental		(Governmental
	Ge	eneral Fund	В	uilding Fund		Funds	District-Wide		Activities
Payroll	\$	5,926,761	\$	-	\$	140,443	\$ -	\$	6,067,204
Construction		-		872,357		210,427	-		1,082,784
Vendors payable		1,762,725		-		98,404	-		1,861,129
Due to grantor government		1,631,291		-		-	-		1,631,291
Taxes payable		16,474		-		-	-		16,474
Unmatured interest		-		-		-	3,867,015		3,867,015
Total	\$	9,337,251	\$	872,357	\$	449,274	\$ 3,867,015	\$	14,525,897

NOTE 7 – UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2017 consisted of the following:

			Non-Major overnmental	C	Total Governmental		
	Ger	neral Fund	Funds		Activities	Total	Fiduciary
Federal sources	\$	37,757	\$ 36,050	\$	73,807	\$	-
State categorical sources		821,364	-		821,364		-
Local sources		339,133	-		339,133		154
Total	\$	1,198,254	\$ 36,050	\$	1,234,304	\$	154

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM DEBT

A schedule of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2017 consisted of the following:

		Balance						Balance		Balance Due
	July 01, 2016		Additions		Deductions		June 30, 2017	In One Year		
Governmental Activities										
General obligation bonds	\$	238,627,478	\$	-	\$	3,804,953	\$	234,822,525	\$	7,321,200
Unamortized premium		13,782,684		-		660,830		13,121,854		660,830
Accreted interest		29,073,128		4,777,270		=		33,850,398		=
Total general obligation bonds		281,483,290		4,777,270		4,465,783		281,794,777		7,982,030
Capital leases		592,526		-		290,571		301,955		301,955
Compensated absences		1,508,514		231,526		-		1,740,040		=
Net OPEB obligation		952,416		1,311,881		-		2,264,297		=
Net pension liability		166,620,147		37,371,366		-		203,991,513		
Total	\$	451,156,893	\$	43,692,043	\$	4,756,354	\$	490,092,582	\$	8,283,985

- Payments for general obligation bonds are made in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund.
- Payments for capital lease obligations are made in the General Fund and Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects.
- Payments for compensated absences are typically liquidated in the General Fund and the Non-Major Governmental Funds.

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

A. Bonded Debt

The outstanding bonded debt as of June 30, 2017 consists of the following:

	Issue	Maturity	Interest	Original	(Bonds Outstanding					Bonds Outstanding
Series	Date	Date	Rate	Issue	J	uly 01, 2016	Additions		Deductions		June 30, 2017
2008 Election, Series A	3/4/2009	8/1/2031	3.8 - 8.0%	\$ 49,995,054	\$	49,631,195 \$		-	\$ 414,9	53 \$	49,216,242
2009 GOB Refunding of 2000 Series A, B, C	3/4/2009	8/1/2035	3.0 - 4.25%	16,600,000		10,025,000		-	1,370,0	00	8,655,000
2008 Election, Series B	5/5/2010	8/1/2049	6.51 - 10.45%	29,999,991		23,051,388		-		-	23,051,388
2010 GOB Refunding of 2000 Series B, D, E, F	5/5/2010	8/1/2028	3.125 - 5.0%	14,320,000		11,060,000		-		-	11,060,000
2008 Election, Series C	4/11/2012	8/1/2051	5.82 - 6.98%	14,999,282		11,504,895		-		-	11,504,895
2012 GOB Refunding of Series C, D, E	4/11/2012	8/1/2027	2.0 - 3.5%	23,585,000		23,180,000		-	685,0	00	22,495,000
2014 GOB Refunding of Series D, E, F	8/1/2014	8/1/2034	3.0 - 5.0%	32,385,000		32,385,000		-		-	32,385,000
2015 GOB Refunding	11/3/2015	8/1/2051	2.0 - 5.0%	42,790,000		42,790,000		-	1,335,0	00	41,455,000
2008 Election, Series D	3/22/2016	8/1/2045	2.0 - 5.0%	35,000,000		35,000,000		-		-	35,000,000
					\$	238,627,478 \$		-	\$ 3,804,9	3 \$	234,822,525

Election of 2008 Proposition H General Obligation Bond Authorization

On June 3, 2008, the voters in the District passed by 71% Proposition H, a \$195 million general obligation bond authorization. With the passing of Proposition H, the District will continue modernization plans for as many as 19 campuses district-wide. Bond funds will be supplemented with state matching funds and other funding sources to help complete the work. As of June 30, 2017, the District has issued \$129,994,327 and the amount outstanding as of June 30, 2017 was \$118,772,525, excluding accreted interest in the amount of \$33,850,398.

2015 General Obligation Refunding Bonds

On November 3, 2015, the District issued 2015 General Obligation Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$42,790,000. The net proceeds received for the bonds were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for future debt service payments on the Election of 2000, Election of 2008, 2009 Refunding, and 2010 Refunding General Obligation Bonds that were refunded. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased, and the related liability for the bonds has been removed from the District's financial statements. Amounts paid to the refunded bond escrow agent in excess of the outstanding debt at the time of payment are recorded as deferred charges on refunding on the statement of net position and are amortized as an expense over the life of the bond. Deferred charges on refunding of \$8,638,528 remain to be amortized. This refunding reduced total debt service payments by \$1,116,896 and resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$20,065,345.

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

A. Bonded Debt (continued)

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity - Bonds

The annual requirements to amortize debt related to the general obligation bonds payable outstanding as of June 30, 2017 are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 7,321,200	\$ 7,936,462	\$ 15,257,662
2019	4,610,690	7,966,522	12,577,212
2020	5,291,908	7,932,292	13,224,200
2021	6,137,792	7,729,108	13,866,900
2022	6,926,789	7,681,898	14,608,687
2023 - 2027	39,311,956	51,485,279	90,797,235
2028 - 2032	47,260,907	59,198,765	106,459,672
2033 - 2037	53,466,340	47,258,117	100,724,457
2038 - 2042	23,149,508	84,856,792	108,006,300
2043 - 2047	16,661,410	97,735,196	114,396,606
2048 - 2052	24,684,025	17,875,444	42,559,469
Accretion	33,850,398	(33,850,398)	
Total	\$ 268,672,923	\$ 363,805,477	\$ 632,478,400

B. Compensated Absences

Total unpaid employee compensated absences as of June 30, 2017 amounted to \$1,740,040. This amount is included as part of long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

C. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Obligation

The District's annual cost for the year ended June 30, 2017, was \$1,743,851 and contributions made by the District during the year were \$431,970, which resulted in a net OPEB obligation of \$2,264,297. See Note 10 for additional information regarding the OPEB obligation and the postemployment benefit plan.

D. Capital Leases

The District entered into a capital lease during the year ended June 30, 2014 for computers and equipment. Future minimum lease payments under the capital leases were as follows at June 30, 2017:

Year Ended June 30,	Lea	se Payment					
2018	\$	313,785					
Total minimum lease payments		313,785					
Less amount representing interest		(11,830)					
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	301,955					

E. Net Pension Liability

The District's beginning net pension liability was \$166,620,147 and increased by \$37,371,366 during the year ended June 30, 2017. The ending net pension liability at June 30, 2017 was \$203,991,513. See Note 11 for additional information regarding the net pension liability.

NOTE 9 – FUND BALANCES

Fund balances were composed of the following elements at June 30, 2017:

				Non-Major	Total
			Bond Interest &	Governmental	Governmental
	General Fund	Building Fund	Redemption Fund	Funds	Funds
Non-spendable					
Revolving cash	\$ 290,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,000	\$ 300,000
Stores inventory	71,718	=	-	263,112	334,830
Total non-spendable	361,718	-	-	273,112	634,830
Restricted					
Educational programs	4,925,719	-	-	60,324	4,986,043
Capital projects	-	8,588,723	-	4,652,721	13,241,444
Debt service	-	-	17,091,430	-	17,091,430
Food service	-	-	-	1,876,248	1,876,248
Total restricted	4,925,719	8,588,723	17,091,430	6,589,293	37,195,165
Committed					
Other commitments	500,000	-	-	-	500,000
Total committed	500,000	-	-	-	500,000
Assigned					
Other assignments	9,077,161	-	-	-	9,077,161
Total assigned	9,077,161	-	-	-	9,077,161
Unassigned					
Reserve for economic uncertainties	12,816,520	=	=	=	12,816,520
Total unassigned	12,816,520	=	=	=	12,816,520
Total	\$ 27,681,118	\$ 8,588,723	\$ 17,091,430	\$ 6,862,405	\$ 60,223,676

The District is committed to maintaining a prudent level of financial resources to protect against the need to reduce service levels because of temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted expenditures. The District's Minimum Fund Balance Policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties, consisting of unassigned amounts, equal to no less than 3% of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses. If a fund balance drops below three percent, it shall be recovered at a rate of one percent minimally, each year. In the event of unanticipated changes in revenues or expenditures, it is the responsibility of the chief business official to report the projections to the District's Board when they become known.

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

A. Plan Description and Contribution Information

The Postemployment Benefit Plan (the "Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the District. The Plan offers the following benefits by bargaining unit:

	Certificated*	Classified*	Management*
Benefit types provided	Medical only	Medical only	Medical only
Duration of benefits	To age 65	To age 65	To age 65
Required service	20 years*	20 years*	20 years*
Minimum age	55	55	55
Dependent coverage	Yes	Yes	Yes
District contribution percentage	100%	100%	100%
District annual cap	\$ 1,800	\$ 1,800	\$ 1,800

^{*}Certain retirees are covered under other, grandfather retiree health benefit plans.

Membership of the plan consisted of the following:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	96
Active plan members	1,580
Total*	1,676
Number of participating employers	1

^{*}As of May 1, 2015 actuarial study

B. Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of Plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District and District's bargaining units. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. For fiscal year 2016-17, the District contributed \$431,970 to the Plan, all of which was used for current premiums.

As of June 30, 2017, the District has not established a plan or equivalent that contains an irrevocable transfer of assets dedicated to providing benefits to retirees in accordance with the terms of the plan and that are legally protected from creditors.

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The District's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities (UAAL) (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the Plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation to the Plan:

Annual required contribution	\$ 1,748,092
Interest on net OPEB obligation	42,859
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(47,100)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	1,743,851
Contributions made	(431,970)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation	1,311,881
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of the year	 952,416
Net OPEB obligation, end of the year	\$ 2,264,297

The annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the Plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the year ended June 30, 2017 and the preceding two years were as follows:

	Annual			
	OPEB	Percentage		Net OPEB
Year Ended June 30,	Cost	Contributed	(Obligation
2017	\$ 1,743,851	25%	\$	2,264,297
2016	\$ 1,743,945	99%	\$	952,416
2015	\$ 1,744,738	90%	\$	931,166

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of the most recent actuarial evaluation consists of the following:

				Actuarial					
Actuarial				Accrued		Unfunded			UAAL as a
Valuation	Actu	arial Valuat	ion	Liability	ity AAL			Covered	Percentage of
Date		of Assets		(AAL)		(UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Payroll	Covered Payroll
 May 1, 2015	\$		- \$	19,474,190	\$	19,474,190	0%	\$ 120,691,183	16%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, investment returns, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the Plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. Information on the latest actuarial valuation is as follows:

Valuation Date	5/1/2015
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level-percentage of payroll
Remaining Amortization Period	30
Asset Valuation	\$ -
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	4.5%
Discount rate	4.5%
Health care trend rate	4.0%
Inflation rate	2.8%

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer contributory retirement plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS), and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The District reported its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities, pension expense, deferred outflow of resources, and deferred inflow of resources for each of the above plans as follows:

				Deferred	Def	erred inflows		
	N	let pension	out	flows related		related to		
		liability	te	o pensions		pensions	Pen	sion expense
STRS Pension	\$	149,651,338	\$	23,612,385	\$	8,869,978	\$	13,512,527
PERS Pension		54,340,175		17,253,441		2,882,865		7,073,088
Total	\$	203,991,513	\$	40,865,826	\$	11,752,843	\$	20,585,615

California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS); a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalSTRS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. CalSTRS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalSTRS annual financial report may be obtained from CalSTRS, 7919 Folsom Blvd., Sacramento, CA 95826.

Benefits provided

The CalSTRS defined benefit plan has two benefit formulas:

CalSTRS 2% at 60: Members first hired on or before December 31, 2012, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS

CalSTRS 2% at 62: Members first hired on or after January 1, 2013, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS

CalSTRS 2% at 60

CalSTRS 2% at 60 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 60, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. Early retirement options are available at age 55 with five years of credited service or as early as age 50 with 30 years of credited service. The age factor for retirements after age 60 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 63 or older. Members who have 30 years or more of credited service receive an additional increase of up to 0.2 percent to the age factor, known as the career factor. The maximum benefit with the career factor is 2.4 percent of final compensation.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Benefits provided (continued) CalSTRS 2% at 62

CalSTRS 2% at 62 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 62, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. An early retirement option is available at age 55. The age factor for retirement after age 62 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 65 or older.

Contributions

Active plan CalSTRS 2% at 60 and 2% at 62 members are required to contribute 10.25% and 9.205% of their salary for fiscal year 2017, respectively, and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by CalSTRS Teachers' Retirement Board. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2017 was 12.58% of annual payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by state statute. Contributions to the plan from the District were \$11,715,177 for the year ended June 30, 2017.

On-Behalf Payments

The District was the recipient of on-behalf payments made by the State of California to CalSTRS for K-12 education. These payments consist of state general fund contributions of approximately \$7,986,767 to CalSTRS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the	
net pension liability	\$ 149,651,338
State's proportionate share of the net	
pension liability associated with the District	85,206,379
Total	\$ 234,857,717

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2016. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2016, the District's proportion was .185 percent, which was a decrease of .00449 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the District recognized pension expense of \$13,512,527. In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$15,202,794 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2017, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		rred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between projected and	ф	11 007 200	ф		
actual earnings on plan investments	\$	11,897,208	\$	-	
Differences between expected and					
actual experience		-		3,650,574	
Changes in proportion and differences					
between District contributions and					
proportionate share of contributions		-		5,219,404	
District contributions subsequent					
to the measurement date		11,715,177			
	\$	23,612,385	\$	8,869,978	

The \$11,715,177 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Defe	erred Outflows	Defe	erred Inflows
Year Ended June 30,	0	f Resources	of	Resources
2018	\$	259,558	\$	1,619,185
2019		259,558		1,619,185
2020		6,915,888		1,619,185
2021		4,462,204		1,619,185
2022		-		1,619,182
2023				774,056
	\$	11,897,208	\$	8,869,978

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS (continued)

California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2016 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Consumer Price Inflation	3.00%
Investment Yield*	7.60%
Wage Inflation	3.75%

^{*} Net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses.

CalSTRS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are based on RP2000 series tables adjusted to fit CalSTRS experience.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2006 through June 30, 2010.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best-estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant (Pension Consulting Alliance - PCA) as an input to the process. Based on the model from CalSTRS consulting actuary's (Milliman) investment practice, a best estimate range was determined by assuming the portfolio is re-balanced annually and that annual returns are lognormally distributed and independent from year to year to develop expected percentiles for the long-term distribution of annualized returns. The assumed asset allocation by PCA is based on board policy for target asset allocation in effect on February 2, 2012, the date the current experience study was approved by the board. Best estimates of 20-year geometric real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class for the year ended June 30, 2016 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term*
	Assumed Asset	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global Equity	47%	6.30%
Private Equity	13%	9.30%
Real Estate	13%	5.20%
Inflation Sensitive	4%	3.80%
Fixed Income	12%	0.30%
Absolute Return	9%	2.90%
Cash/Liquidity	2%	-1.00%
	100%	

^{* 20-}year geometric average

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.60 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increases per AB 1469. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.60 percent) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expense occur midyear. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.60 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.60 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.60 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	Decrease (6.60%)	D	iscount Rate (7.60%)	Increase (8.60%)
District's proportionate share of				
the net pension liability	\$ 215,382,025	\$	149,651,338	\$ 95,059,249

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS financial report.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the School Employer Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS); a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Laws. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95811.

Benefits provided

The benefits for the defined benefit plan are based on members' years of service, age, final compensation, and benefit formula. Benefits are provided for disability, death, and survivors of eligible members or beneficiaries. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits earned to date after five years of credited service.

Contributions

Active plan members who entered into the plan prior to January 1, 2013, are required to contribute 7.0% of their salary. The California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) specifies that new members entering into the plan on or after January 1, 2013, shall pay the higher of fifty percent of normal costs or 6.0% of their salary. Additionally, for new members entering the plan on or after January 1, 2013, the employer is prohibited from paying any of the employee contribution to CalPERS unless the employer payment of the member's contribution is specified in an employment agreement or collective bargaining agreement that expires after January 1, 2013.

The District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2017 was 13.888% of annual payroll. Contributions to the plan from the District were \$4,647,290 for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the District reported a liability of \$54,340,175 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2016. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2016, the District's proportion was .275 percent, which was an increase of .01036 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the District recognized pension expense of \$7,073,088. At June 30, 2017, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Defe	rred Outflows	Deferred Inflows		
	o	f Resources	of Resources		
Differences between projected and					
actual earnings on plan investments	\$	8,431,848	\$	-	
Differences between expected and					
actual experience		2,337,148		-	
Changes in assumptions		-		1,632,599	
Changes in proportion and differences					
between District contributions and					
proportionate share of contributions		1,837,155		1,250,266	
District contributions subsequent					
to the measurement date		4,647,290		-	
	\$	17,253,441	\$	2,882,865	
		, and the second			

The \$4,647,290 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Defe	rred Outflows	Defe	erred Inflows
Year Ended June 30,	0	f Resources	of	Resources
2018	\$	2,999,516	\$	1,517,296
2019		2,919,590		1,365,569
2020		4,486,406		-
2021		2,200,639		-
	\$	12,606,151	\$	2,882,865

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS (continued)

California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2016 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Consumer Price Inflation 2.75%
Investment Yield* 7.65%

Wage Inflation Varies by Entry Age and Service

CalPERS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2011.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows were taken into account. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

^{*} Net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Actuarial assumptions (continued)

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

	Assumed Asset	Real Return	Real Return
Asset Class	Allocation	Years 1-10*	Years 11+**
Global Equity	51%	5.25%	5.71%
Global Debt Securities	20%	0.99%	2.43%
Inflation Assets	6%	0.45%	3.36%
Private Equity	10%	6.83%	6.95%
Real Estate	10%	4.50%	5.13%
Infrastructure and Forestland	2%	4.50%	5.09%
Liquidity	1%	-0.55%	-1.05%
	100%		

^{*} An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.65 percent. A projection of the expected benefit payments and contributions was performed to determine if assets would run out. The test revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for the Schools Pool. The results of the crossover testing for the Schools Pool are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained at CalPERS' website.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.65 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.65 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.65 percent) than the current rate:

	1%			Current		1%	
		Decrease (6.65%)	D	iscount Rate (7.65%)		Increase (8.65%)	
District's proportionate share of							
the net pension liability	\$	81,075,843	\$	54,340,175	\$	32,077,469	

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

^{**} An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period

NOTE 12 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2017.

B. Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2017.

C. Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2017, the District had \$3,425,981 in commitments with respect to unfinished Proposition H capital projects.

NOTE 13 – PARTICIPATION IN JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES

The District participates in one joint venture under a joint-powers agreement (JPA), the San Diego County Schools Risk Management JPA (RM). The JPA arranges for and provides workers' compensation, health, and property and liability insurance for its member school districts.

There were no significant reductions in coverage during the year. Settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past two years. Copies of the annual financial report for RM can be obtained from the Risk Management Department of the San Diego County Office of Education, 6401 Linda Vista Road, San Diego, California, 92111.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual*	Variances -	
		Original	Final	(Bud	getary Basis)	Final to Actual	
REVENUES							
LCFF sources	\$	164,522,187 \$	163,930,568	\$	163,905,742	\$ (24,826)	
Federal sources		16,485,633	20,474,919		19,064,662	(1,410,257)	
Other state sources		16,851,418	20,300,931		20,293,326	(7,605)	
Other local sources		12,855,410	14,240,082		13,917,940	(322,142)	
Total Revenues		210,714,648	218,946,500		217,181,670	(1,764,830)	
EXPENDITURES							
Certificated salaries		95,471,386	95,440,907		94,022,122	1,418,785	
Classified salaries		33,522,762	33,148,850		33,272,934	(124,084)	
Employee benefits		56,287,636	57,791,482		57,263,999	527,483	
Books and supplies		5,762,379	8,043,847		5,890,609	2,153,238	
Services and other operating expenditures		19,097,385	21,341,359		17,796,060	3,545,299	
Capital outlay		617,840	3,096,504		500,413	2,596,091	
Other outgo							
Excluding transfers of indirect costs		2,069,144	2,003,161		2,064,983	(61,822)	
Transfers of indirect costs		(355,708)	(364,731)		(342,341)	(22,390)	
Total Expenditures		212,472,824	220,501,379		210,468,779	10,032,600	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures		(1,758,176)	(1,554,879)		6,712,891	8,267,770	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Contributions		-	789		-	(789)	
Transfers out		-	-		(2)	(2)	
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		-	789		(2)	(791)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(1,758,176)	(1,554,090)		6,712,889	8,266,979	
Fund Balance - Beginning		20,968,229	20,968,229		20,968,229	-	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	19,210,053 \$	19,414,139	\$	27,681,118	\$ 8,266,979	

^{*} The actual amounts reported on this schedule do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance for the following reasons:

Actual amounts reported in this schedule are for the General Fund only, and do not agree with the amounts
reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances because the amounts
on that schedule include the financial activity of the Deferred Maintenance Fund in accordance with the fund
type definitions promulgated by GASB Statement No. 54.

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

			Actuarial				
Actuarial			Accrued	Unfunded			UAAL as a
Valuation	Actuarial V	aluation	Liability	AAL		Covered	Percentage of
Date	of Ass	sets	(AAL)	(UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Payroll	Covered Payroll
May 1, 2015	\$	- \$	19,474,190	\$ 19,474,190	0%	\$ 120,691,183	16%
May 1, 2013	\$	- \$	7,025,289	\$ 7,025,289	0%	\$ 120,598,524	6%
May 1, 2011	\$	- \$	8,100,356	\$ 8,100,356	0%	\$ 105,661,992	8%

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALSTRS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	June 30, 2017		Jı	June 30, 2016		une 30, 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.185%		0.190%		0.194%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	149,651,338	\$	127,591,187	\$	113,507,163
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District		85,206,379		67,481,492		68,316,977
Total	\$	234,857,717	\$	195,072,679	\$	181,824,140
District's covered payroll	\$	92,888,107	\$	93,104,876	\$	87,020,090
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		161.1%		137.0%		130.4%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		70.0%		74.0%		76.5%

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALPERS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Ju	June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016		June 30, 2015	
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.275%		0.265%		0.282%	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	54,340,175	\$	39,028,960	\$	31,982,217	
District's covered payroll	\$	33,618,277	\$	32,909,499	\$	29,597,587	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		161.6%		118.6%		108.1%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		73.9%		79.4%		83.4%	

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALSTRS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	June 30, 2017		Ju	ine 30, 2016	June 30, 2015		
Contractually required contribution	\$	11,715,177	\$	10,001,655	\$	7,727,385	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution*		(11,715,177)		(10,001,655)		(7,727,385)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$		\$		
District's covered payroll	\$	92,888,107	\$	93,104,876	\$	87,020,090	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		12.61%		10.74%		8.88%	

^{*}Amounts do not include on behalf contributions

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALPERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	June 30, 2017		Ju	June 30, 2016		ne 30, 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	4,647,290	\$	3,913,069	\$	3,483,635
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(4,647,290)		(3,913,069)		(3,483,635)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	33,618,277	\$	32,909,499	\$	29,597,587
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		13.82%		11.89%		11.77%

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 34 as required supplementary information (RSI) for the General Fund and for each major special revenue fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The budgetary comparison schedule presents both (a) the original and (b) the final appropriated budgets for the reporting period as well as (c) actual inflows, outflows, and balances, stated on the District's budgetary basis. A separate column to report the variance between the final budget and actual amounts is also presented, although not required.

Schedule of Funding Progress

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 45 for all sole and agent employers that provide other postemployment benefits (OPEB). The schedule presents, for the most recent actuarial valuation and the two preceding valuations, information about the funding progress of the plan, including, for each valuation, the actuarial valuation date, the actuarial value of assets, the actuarial accrued liability, the total unfunded actuarial liability (or funding excess), the actuarial value of assets as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability (funded ratio), the annual covered payroll, and the ratio of the total unfunded actuarial liability (or funding excess) to annual covered payroll.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's proportion (percentage) of the collective net pension liability, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability, the District's covered-payroll, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of the employer's covered-payroll, and the pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability.

Schedule of District Contributions

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the District's covered-payroll, and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contributions as a percentage of the District's covered-payroll.

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 2 – EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the District incurred an excess of expenditures over appropriations in the General Fund presented in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule by major object code as follows:

Expenditures and Other Uses	Exp	enditures	and	Other	Uses
-----------------------------	-----	-----------	-----	-------	------

		Budget		Actual		Excess	
General Fund							
Classified salaries	\$	33,148,850	\$	33,272,934	\$	124,084	
Other outgo							
Excluding transfers of indirect costs	\$	2,003,161	\$	2,064,983	\$	61,822	
Transfers of indirect costs	\$	(364,731)	\$	(342,341)	\$	22,390	

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster	CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:	·		
Passed through California Department of Education:			
Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected [1]	84.010	14329	\$ 4,071,427
Title I, Migrant Education	84.011	14838	363,171
Title II, Part A, Teacher Quality	84.367	14341	740,163
Title III			
Title III, English Learner Student Program	84.365	14346	344,616
Title III, Immigrant Education Program	84.365	15146	50,943
Subtotal Title III			395,559
Title IV, Part B, 21st Century Community Learning Centers Program	84.287	14681	682,103
Title VIII, Impact Aid	84.041	10015	5,758,441
Special Education Cluster [1]			
IDEA Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Section 611	84.027	13379	3,119,226
IDEA Local Assistance, Part B, Section 611, Private School ISPs	84.027	10115	7,345
IDEA Mental Health Average Daily Attendance (ADA) Allocation, Part B, Section 611	84.027A	15197	213,147
IDEA Preschool Grants, Part B, Section 619 (Age 3-4-5)	84.173	13430	98,229
IDEA Preschool Local Entitlement, Part B, Section 611 (AGE 3-4-5)	84.027A	13682	304,252
IDEA Preschool Staff Development, Part B, Section 619	84.173A	13431	934
Subtotal Special Education Cluster			3,743,133
Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education: Secondary, Section 131 (Vocational Education)	84.048	14894	149,285
Total U. S. Department of Education			15,903,282
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:			
Passed through California Department of Education:			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
School Breakfast Program - Needy	10.553	13526	1,209,125
National School Lunch Program	10.555	13391	4,076,389
Meal Supplements	10.555	*	140,492
USDA Commodities [2]	10.555	*	437,072
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	13004	234,202
Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster			6,097,280
Child Care Food Program (CCFP)	10.558	13394	627,520
Forest Reserve Funds	10.582	14968	21,829
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			6,746,629
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE:			
Passed through California Department of Defense:			
Promoting K-12 Student Achievement at Military-Connected Schools	12.556	*	218,893
Project OPTIME	12.557	*	726,584
Total U. S. Department of Defense			945,477
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES:			
Passed through California Department of Health Services: Medicaid			
Medi-Cal Billing Option	93.778	10013	804,731
Medi-Cal Administrative Activities	93.778	10060	326,481
Subtotal Medicaid	,,,,,	10000	1,131,212
Total U. S. Department of Health & Human Services			1,131,212
Total Federal Expenditures			\$ 24,726,600
20m2 euclin Experiments			Ψ <u>24,720,000</u>

^{[1] -} Major Program

^{[2] -} In-Kind Contribution

^{* -} Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number not available or not applicable

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE (ADA) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Period	
	1 0110 01	Annual
	Report	Report
SCHOOL DISTRICT		
TK/K through Third		
Regular ADA	5,815.62	5,790.99
Extended Year Special Education	12.51	12.51
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	0.64	0.88
Extended Year Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	0.17	0.17
Total TK/K through Third	5,828.94	5,804.55
Fourth through Sixth		
Regular ADA	4,169.45	4,157.21
Extended Year Special Education	5.17	5.17
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	2.96	2.91
Extended Year Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	0.17	0.17
Total Fourth through Sixth	4,177.75	4,165.46
Seventh through Eighth		
Regular ADA	2,595.25	2,583.91
Extended Year Special Education	2.12	2.12
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	1.06	1.27
Extended Year Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	0.21	0.21
Total Seventh through Eighth	2,598.64	2,587.51
Ninth through Twelfth		_
Regular ADA	4,807.23	4,752.44
Extended Year Special Education	4.01	4.01
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	11.72	10.65
Extended Year Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	1.71	1.71
Total Ninth through Twelfth	4,824.67	4,768.81
TOTAL SCHOOL DISTRICT	17,430.00	17,326.33

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		2016-17		
	Minutes	Actual	Number	
Grade Level	Requirement	Minutes	of Days	Status
Kindergarten	36,000	36,675	180	Complied
Grade 1	50,400	54,225	180	Complied
Grade 2	50,400	54,225	180	Complied
Grade 3	50,400	54,225	180	Complied
Grade 4	54,000	54,225	180	Complied
Grade 5	54,000	54,225	180	Complied
Grade 6	54,000	61,003	180	Complied
Grade 7	54,000	61,003	180	Complied
Grade 8	54,000	61,003	180	Complied
Grade 9	64,800	65,940	180	Complied
Grade 10	64,800	65,940	180	Complied
Grade 11	64,800	65,940	180	Complied
Grade 12	64,800	65,940	180	Complied

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	2	018 (Budget)	2017	2016	2015
General Fund - Budgetary Basis**					
Revenues And Other Financing Sources	\$	203,478,088 \$	217,181,670	\$ 213,741,648	\$ 183,324,511
Expenditures And Other Financing Uses		216,015,258	210,468,781	208,089,574	185,666,297
Net change in Fund Balance	\$	(12,537,170) \$	6,712,889	\$ 5,652,074	\$ (2,341,786)
Ending Fund Balance	\$	15,143,949 \$	27,681,118	\$ 20,968,229	\$ 15,316,659
Available Reserves*	\$	8,684,527 \$	12,816,520	\$ 11,239,427	\$ 10,937,098
Available Reserves As A Percentage Of Outgo		4.02%	6.09%	5.40%	5.89%
Long-term Debt	\$	481,808,597 \$	490,092,582	\$ 451,156,893	\$ 408,862,492
Average Daily Attendance At P-2		17,176	17,430	17,970	18,135

The General Fund balance has increased by \$12,364,459 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2017-18 budget projects a decrease of \$12,537,170. For a District this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 3% of General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating surpluses in two of the past three years and anticipates incurring an operating deficit during the 2017-18 fiscal year. Total long-term obligations have increased by \$81,230,090 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 705 ADA over the past two years. A decrease of 254 ADA is anticipated during the 2017-18 fiscal year.

^{*}Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balance within the General Fund.

^{**}The actual amounts reported in this schedule are for the General Fund only, and do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances because the amounts on that schedule include the financial activity of the Deferred Maintenance Fund, in accordance with the fund type definitions promulgated by GASB Statement No. 54.

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Cafeteria
	Fund
June 30, 2017, annual financial and budget report fund balance	\$ 2,190,023
Adjustments and reclassifications:	
Increase (decrease) in total fund balances:	
Adjustment to inventory balance	 (40,663)
Net adjustments and reclassifications	(40,663)
June 30, 2017, audited financial statement fund balance	\$ 2,149,360

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOLS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Included in
Charter School	Status	Audit Report
Coastal Academy	Active	No
Pacific View Charter	Active	No

		Child						Non-Major
	De	velopment			Ca	pital Facilities	G	overnmental
		Fund	Ca	ifeteria Fund		Fund		Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	82,082	\$	369,430	\$	4,919,007	\$	5,370,519
Accounts receivable		2,392		1,841,821		15,509		1,859,722
Due from other funds		1,467		1,211		-		2,678
Stores inventory		-		263,112		-		263,112
Total Assets	\$	85,941	\$	2,475,574	\$	4,934,516	\$	7,496,031
LIABILITIES								
Accrued liabilities	\$	10,017	\$	228,830	\$	210,427	\$	449,274
Due to other funds		15,600		61,334		71,368		148,302
Unearned revenue		-		36,050		-		36,050
Total Liabilities		25,617		326,214		281,795		633,626
FUND BALANCES								
Non-spendable		-		273,112		-		273,112
Restricted		60,324		1,876,248		4,652,721		6,589,293
Total Fund Balances		60,324		2,149,360		4,652,721		6,862,405
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	85,941	\$	2,475,574	\$	4,934,516	\$	7,496,031

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Child				Non-Major
	Dev	elopment			Capital Facilities	Governmental
		Fund	Cafeteria F	und	Fund	Funds
REVENUES						
Federal sources	\$	-	\$ 6,74	6,629	\$ -	\$ 6,746,629
Other state sources		956,883	43	7,563	-	1,394,446
Other local sources		38,127	1,54	6,455	2,978,344	4,562,926
Total Revenues		995,010	8,73	0,647	2,978,344	12,704,001
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Instruction		808,554		-	-	808,554
Instruction-related services						
Instructional supervision and administration		62,323		-	-	62,323
Pupil services						
Food services		21,312	8,48	3,169	-	8,504,481
All other pupil services		3,292		-	-	3,292
General administration						
All other general administration		35,345	30	6,996	81,285	423,626
Plant services		69,120		104	4,406	73,630
Facilities acquisition and maintenance		-		-	2,008,301	2,008,301
Total Expenditures		999,946	8,79	0,269	2,093,992	11,884,207
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures		(4,936)	(5	9,622)	884,352	819,794
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in		2		-	-	2
Transfers out		-		-	(212,139)	(212,139)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		2		-	(212,139)	(212,137)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(4,934)	(5	9,622)	672,213	607,657
Fund Balance - Beginning		65,258	2,20	8,982	3,980,508	6,254,748
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	60,324	\$ 2,14	9,360	\$ 4,652,721	\$ 6,862,405

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE JUNE 30, 2017

The Oceanside Unified School District was established in 1970. The District boundaries encompass the city of Oceanside, as well as part of Marine Corps Base-Camp Pendleton. There were no changes in the boundaries of the District during the current year. The District provides primary and secondary education for all students within the District's boundaries through operation of its twenty-three schools, which consist of sixteen elementary, four middle schools and three high schools.

GOVERNING BOARD

Member	Office	Term Expires
Robert "Camo" Gleisberg	President	December 2019
Ann Corwin	Vice President	December 2019
Ms. Emily Ortiz Wichmann	Clerk	December 2019
Mike Blessing	Member	December 2021
Eleanor Juanita Evans	Member	December 2021

DISTRICT ADMINISTRATORS

Mr. Duane Coleman, Ed.D. *Superintendent*

Shannon Soto, Ed. D. Associate Superintendent, Business Services

Mr. Reginald Thompkins

Deputy Superintendent, Education Services

Cheri Sanders Associate Superintendent, Human Resources

Dawn Campbell
Director of Fiscal Services

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRIC NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the Federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

The following schedule provides reconciliation between revenues reported on the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance, and the related expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The reconciling amounts represent Federal funds that have been recorded as revenues in a prior year that have been expended by June 30, 2017 or Federal funds that have been recorded as revenues in the current year and were not expended by June 30, 2017.

The District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate.

	Amount
\$	25,811,291
	123,291
	(811,291)
ν	(396,691)
\$	24,726,600
	\$ N

Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of student at various grade levels and in different programs.

Schedule of Instructional Time

This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of *Education Code Sections* 46200 through 46208. During the year ended June 30, 2017, the District participated in the Longer Day incentive funding program. As of June 30, 2017, the District had not yet met its target funding.

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRIC NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES (continued)

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Annual Financial and Budget Report Unaudited Actuals to the audited financial statements.

Schedule of Charter Schools

This schedule lists all Charter Schools chartered by the District, and displays information for each Charter School on whether or not the Charter School is included in the District audit.

Combining Statements - Non-Major Funds

These statements provide information on the District's non-major funds.

Local Education Agency Organization Structure

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated, members of the governing board, and members of the administration.

OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Christy White, CPA

Michael Ash, CPA

Heather Rubio

SAN DIEGO LOS ANGELES SAN FRANCISCO/BAY AREA

> Corporate Office: 348 Olive Street San Diego, CA 92103

toll-free: 877.220.7229 tel: 619.270.8222 fax: 619.260.9085 www.christywhite.com

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State Board of Accountancy

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Oceanside Unified School District Oceanside, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Oceanside Unified School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Oceanside Unified School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 7, 2017.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Oceanside Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Oceanside Unified School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Oceanside Unified School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Audit Findings and Questioned Costs that we consider to be significant deficiencies. (Finding #2017-001)

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Oceanside Unified School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Oceanside Unified School District's Response to Findings

Oceanside Unified School District's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Oceanside Unified School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California December 7, 2017

Chirty White Associates



REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Oceanside Unified School District Oceanside, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Oceanside Unified School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Oceanside Unified School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. Oceanside Unified School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Oceanside Unified School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Oceanside Unified School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Oceanside Unified School District's compliance.

Christy White, CPA

Michael Ash, CPA

Heather Rubio

SAN DIEGO LOS ANGELES SAN FRANCISCO/BAY AREA

> Corporate Office: 348 Olive Street San Diego, CA 92103

toll-free: 877.220.7229 tel: 619.270.8222 fax: 619.260.9085 www.christywhite.com

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Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Oceanside Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Oceanside Unified School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Oceanside Unified School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Oceanside Unified School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California December 7, 2017

Christy White Associates



REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Oceanside Unified School District Oceanside, California

Report on State Compliance

We have audited Oceanside Unified School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the 2016-17 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, section 19810 that could have a direct and material effect on each of Oceanside Unified School District's state programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, as identified below.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Oceanside Unified School District's state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the 2016-17 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, section 19810. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the state programs noted below occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Oceanside Unified School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance with the requirements referred to above. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Oceanside Unified School District's compliance with those requirements.

Christy White, CPA

Michael Ash, CPA

Heather Rubio

SAN DIEGO LOS ANGELES SAN FRANCISCO/BAY AREA

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Opinion on State Compliance

In our opinion, Oceanside Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the state programs noted in the table below for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Procedures Performed

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine Oceanside Unified School District's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

	PROCEDURES
PROGRAM NAME	PERFORMED
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Independent Study	Yes
Continuation Education	Yes
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratios of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	Not Applicable
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	Not Applicable
Middle or Early College High Schools	Not Applicable
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
Mental Health Expenditures	Yes
Educator Effectiveness	Yes
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	Yes

(continued on the next page)

Procedures Performed (continued)

	PROCEDURES
PROGRAM NAME	PERFORMED
After School Education and Safety Program	Yes
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study-Course Based	Not Applicable
Immunizations	Yes
Attendance; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Mode of Instruction; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study;	
for charter schools	Not Applicable
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based	
Instruction; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Annual Instructional Minutes – Classroom Based; for	
charter schools	Not Applicable
Charter School Facility Grant Program	Not Applicable

San Diego, California December 7, 2017

Christy White Associates

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS				
Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified			
Internal control over financial reporting:				
Material weakness(es) identified?			No	
Significant deficiency (ies) identified?			Yes	
Non-compliance material to financial stat	ements noted?		No	
FEDERAL AWARDS				
Internal control over major program:				
Material weakness(es) identified?			No	
Significant deficiency (ies) identified?		None	e Reported	
Type of auditors' report issued:			Unmodified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are requ with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516(a	-		No	
Identification of major programs:	,			
<u>CFDA Number(s)</u>	Name of Federal Program or Cluster			
84.010	Title I, Part A			
84.027, 84.027A, 84.173, 84.173A	Special Education Cluster			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish betw	een Type A and Type B programs:	\$	750,000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?			Yes	
STATE AWARDS				
Internal control over state programs:				
Material weaknesses identified?			No	
Significant deficiency (ies) identified?		None	e Reported	
Type of auditors' report issued on complia	ance for state programs:	Un	modified	

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

FIVE DIGIT CODE

AB 3627 FINDING TYPE

20000 30000 Inventory of Equipment Internal Control

FINDING #2017-001: CAPITAL ASSETS INVENTORY (20000)

Criteria: District fixed asset policies require the capitalization and annual depreciation of capital assets with a current value of \$5,000. The District must maintain current, auditable asset listings to support the amount reported on the government-wide statement of net position. Physical inventory counts should be performed approximately every two years (or as deemed necessary) to verify accuracy of asset listing and valuations. This inventory should include a current detail of construction projects in progress and their related costs, which will then be depreciated once the projects have been closed out and placed into service.

Condition: During our audit of the financial statements of the District, we determined that a detailed listing of fixed assets had not yet been fully integrated into the PeopleSoft Fixed Asset tracking software. We noted that accumulated depreciation from the prior fixed asset tracking software was being rolled forward from year to year, but did not accurately update for current year additions and prior year accumulated depreciation. As a result, it was determined that current year depreciation amounts by category could not be confirmed as correct.

Context: Governmental accounting standards require property, plant and equipment to be inventoried and valuated every two years for a District this size. For construction projects, this should be an ongoing process that tracks the related costs and begins depreciating the assets once they are placed into service.

Effect: Without completing regular updates of physical inventory and construction in progress listings, the District does not maintain adequate control over buildings, site improvements, and other assets as they relate to the government-wide financial statements and the related depreciation expenses.

Cause: Based on inquiry with Business Office staff, there has been several issues in integrating fixed asset tracking into PeopleSoft.

Recommendation: We recommend the District implement procedures that ensure the capital asset listing is updated and verified by performing annual physical inventories. This process may require the assistance of an outside consulting firm. It may not be necessary to conduct the inventory each year for all sites within the District, however, the procedures should ensure that during a two-year cycle, all District sites have performed a physical inventory. Completed construction projects should begin recognizing depreciation expense in the fiscal year in which they are placed into service.

District Response: Until implementation of PeopleSoft in April 2016, Oceanside Unified utilized Escape fixed asset software and were 100% in compliance with the recommendations above. We've been working diligently with San Diego County Office of Education to do a conversion of our Escape data as well as being able to track our new capital assets in the PeopleSoft fixed assets module. The OUSD Fiscal Services Department has met with SDCOE on numerous occasions including twice during this past week. The County is aware of our audit finding and are working with us to resolve the known issues.

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

FIVE DIGIT CODE 50000

AB 3627 FINDING TYPE

Federal Compliance

There were no federal award findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

FIVE DIGIT CODE	AB 3627 FINDING TYPE
10000	Attendance
40000	State Compliance
42000	Charter School Facilities Programs
60000	Miscellaneous
61000	Classroom Teacher Salaries
62000	Local Control Accountability Plan
70000	Instructional Materials
71000	Teacher Misassignments
72000	School Accountability Report Card

There were no state award findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

FINDING #2016-01 – UNDUPLICATED LOCAL CONTROL FUNDING FORMULA PUPIL COUNTS (40000)

Criteria: Students classified as free or reduced-price meal eligible (FRPM) and who are not directly certified on the CALPADS 1.18 FRPM/English Learner/Foster Youth – Student List Report must have supporting documentation that indicates the student was eligible for the determination. Auditors are required to verify compliance with Education Code Section 42238.02(b)(3)(b) in Section W of the 2015-16 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting.

Condition: One (1) of 60 students tested from the CALPADS 1.18 FRPM/English Learner/Foster Youth – Student List Report who were classified as FRPM did not have proper supporting documentation to justify their designation. The student in question was selected for NSLP Income Verification and were changed to "Paid" status as a result of verification procedures. Upon further testing of 100% of the NSLP Income Verification sample selected for 2015-16, we identified an additional 82 students without proper supporting documentation for a total of 83 ineligible students.

Cause: Incorrect classification of students.

Effect: The District is not in compliance with State requirements.

Context: 83 of 38,233 (13,075 in 2013-14, 13,075 in 2014-15, and 12,083 in 2015-16) students reported in the District's Total Adjusted Unduplicated Pupil Count from the Unduplicated Pupil Percentage Exhibit at P-2 were inaccurately classified based on changes in status that took place following NSLP Income Verification procedures.

Questioned Cost: \$73,272, as calculated on the following page.

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

FINDING #2016-01 - UNDUPLICATED LOCAL CONTROL FUNDING FORMULA PUPIL COUNTS (40000) (continued)

Questioned Cost (continued):

		Section 1:	Section 2:
UPP A	Audit Adjustment	Regular UPP	Alternate UPP*
1	Total Adjusted Enrollment from the UPP exhibit as of P-2	58,074	57,588
2	Total Adjusted Unduplicated Pupil Count from the UPP exhibit as of P-2	38,335	38,233
3	Number of Unduplicated Pupil Count audit adjustment		(83)
4	Revised Adjusted Unduplicated Pupil Count	38,252	38,150
5	UPP calculated as of P-2	0.6601	0.6639
6	Revised UPP for audit finding	0.6587	0.6625
7	Greater of Revised UPP for audit finding from Section 1 or 2		0.6625
8	Charter Schools Only: Determinative School District Concentration Cap		-
9	Revised UPP adjusted for Concentration Cap		0.6625
LCFF	Target Base Grant Funding	Estimated Values	
10	Total Base Grant Funding as of P-2	\$142,257,317	
LCFF	Target Supplemental Grant Funding Audit Adjustment		
11	Target Supplemental Grant Funding calculated as of P-2	\$18,888,927	
12	Revised Target Supplemental Grant Funding for audit finding	\$18,849,095	
13	Target Supplemental Grant Funding audit adjustment	(\$39,832)	
LCFF	Target Concentration Grant Funding Audit Adjustment		
14	Target Concentration Grant Funding calculated as of P-2	\$8,101,554	
15	Revised Target Concentration Grant Funding for audit finding	\$8,001,974	
16	Target Concentration Grant Funding audit adjustment	(\$99,580)	
Estim	ated Cost of Unduplicated Pupil Count Audit Adjustment for LEAs funded	at LCFF Target	
17	Total Target Supplemental and Concentration audit adjustment	(\$139,412)	
Estim	ated Cost of Unduplicated Pupil Count Audit Adjustment for LEAs funded	on LCFF Floor and C	Gap
18	Statewide Gap Funding Rate as of P-2	0.5255761597	
21	Estimated Cost of Unduplicated Pupil Count audit adjustment	(\$73,272)	

Recommendation: We recommend that the District ensure that all changes in FRPM eligibility based on outcome of NSLP Income Verification are accurately reflected in the CALPADS 1.18 FRPM/English Learner/Foster Youth – Student List Report following the completion of procedures and prior to the close of the fall amendment window.

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

FINDING #2016-01 – UNDUPLICATED LOCAL CONTROL FUNDING FORMULA PUPIL COUNTS (40000) (continued)

District Response: OUSD is in the process of implementing procedures to ensure that all changes in FRPM eligibility based on the outcomes of the NSLP income verification are accurately reflected in CALPADS database. We are coordinating efforts of the CNS staff along with district staff responsible for the CALPADS data to make consistent changes based on corrections to eligibility.

Current Status: Implemented.